



U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division (7505P)
Ariel Rios Building
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW
Washington, D.C. 20460

EPA Registration Number:
 53883-311

Date of Issuance:
 DEC 21 2012

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:
 Registration
 Reregistration
 (under FIFRA, as amended)

Term of Issuance:
 Unconditional

Name of Pesticide Product:
 Quali-Pro ® Dithiopyr 2L

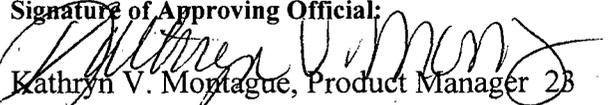
Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):
 Control Solutions, Inc.
 5903 Genoa Red Bluff
 Pasadena, TX 77505

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is registered in accordance with FIFRA sec. 3 (c) (5) provided that you:

1. Submit and/or cite all data required for the registration/ reregistration review of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit data; and submit acceptable responses required for reregistration of your product under FIFRA section 4.
2. Make the following label changes:
 - a. Change the EPA Registration Number to: 53883-311.
 - b. Remove "but not limited to..." from front panel and pages 5 and 34.
 - c. On both labels, revise the "Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals" section to read: "Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes on skin or on clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wear protective eyewear (goggle, face shield, or safety glasses), long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, shoes, and chemical-resistant gloves."
 - d. Add "protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses) to all PPE lists on both labels.
3. The acute toxicity review determined that under the "First Aid" section, only the "If in eyes" and "If on skin" statements are required. You may choose to leave the other statements on the label.

Signature of Approving Official:

 Kathryn V. Montague, Product Manager 2B
 Herbicide Branch
 Registration Division (7505P)

Date:
 DEC 21 2012

EPA Registration. No. 53883-311

e. The product as found to be incompatible with 5% potassium permanganate (an oxidizing agent), it is recommended that the following warning statement be added on the labels, under "Physical-Chemical Hazard" warning in compliance with 40CFR FR Section 156.78: "Do not use with or store near an oxidizing agent."

4. On the "Commercial" label make the following revisions:

- a. On page 4 of the "Commercial" label, after the "Non-WPS Uses" statement, add the following: "Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with the product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry."
- b. On page 7 under "Use Precautions" revise the last statement to read: "Conduct a compatibility test (jar test) using comparative proportions of the tank mix ingredients prior to mixing..."
- c. On page 12 under "Early Postemergence control, second paragraph, last sentence, revise it to read: "Follow all label requirements and..."
- d. On page 12, under "Tank Mixtures", second paragraph delete "should" and replace with "must".
- e. On page 15, under "Use Precautions" move the first statement "Do not apply when..." and place under "Use Restrictions".
- f. Add the following statement under "Use Precautions": "Do not exceed annual maximum use rate."
- g. On page 16, under "Use Precautions" move the first statement "Do not apply when..." and place under "Use Restrictions".
- h. On page 16, under "Use Restrictions", in the third statement, delete the word "directly".
- i. On page 33, under "Conditions" add the following to the beginning of the last sentence: "To the extent consistent with applicable law..."

5. On the "Residential" label, page 53, under "Conditions" add the following to the beginning of the last sentence: "To the extent consistent with applicable law..."

6. Submit one (1) copy of the revised final printed label before the product is released for shipment.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec. 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

Enclosure

(Master Label)

Quali-Pro[®] DITHIOPYR 2L

EPA Reg. No. 53883-XXX

Comments:

The Master label for Quali-Pro[®] DITHIOPYR 2L consists of two separate, self-contained Sub-labels:

- Sub-label A for commercial/professional use, and
- Sub-label B for residential use, respectively.

**ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
in EPA Letter Dated:**

DEC 21 2012

Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act
as amended, for the pesticide
registered under EPA Reg. No.

53883-311

(Sub-Label A: Commercial/Professional Use)

Quali-Pro[®] DITHIOPYR 2L

Preemergence and Early Postemergence Herbicide for Weed Control in Established lawns, Commercial sod farms, Non-cropland and Industrial Sites, Ornamental Turf (including but not limited to Golf Course Fairways, Roughs, Tee Boxes), Container-grown Ornamentals, Field-grown Ornamentals, and Landscape Ornamentals.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

dithiopyr: S, S'-dimethyl 2-(difluoromethyl)-4-(2-methylpropyl)-6-(trifluoromethyl)-3,5-pyridinedicarbothioate..... 23.6%

OTHER INGREDIENTS:.....76.4%

TOTAL..... 100.0%

Contains 2 lbs active ingredient per gallon or 240 grams per liter.

Keep Out of Reach of Children

WARNING AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

Manufactured for:
Control Solutions, Inc.
5903 Genoa Red Bluff
Pasadena, TX 77507

EPA Reg. No. 53883-xxx
NET CONTENTS: xxxx gal

EPA Est. No. XXXXXXXXXX

FIRST AID	
IF IN EYES:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes; then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF SWALLOWED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF INHALED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance; then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
<p>Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact SafetyCall® at (866) 897-8050 for emergency medical treatment information.</p>	

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Causes skin irritation. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category B on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

WPS Uses:

Applicators and other handlers who handle this product for any use covered by the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR Part 170) in general, agricultural plant uses are covered must wear:

- Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves >14 mils such as barrier laminate or butyl rubber
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks

Mixers and loaders must wear:

- Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves >14 mils such as barrier laminate or butyl rubber
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks

- Chemical-resistant apron

Non-WPS Uses:

Applicators and other handlers, mixers and loaders who handle this product for any use NOT covered by the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR Part 170) – In general, agricultural plant uses are covered - must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves >14 mils such as barrier laminate or butyl rubber

User Safety Requirements: Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining personal protective equipment, PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product. Do not reuse them.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish and highly toxic to other aquatic organisms including oysters and shrimp. Use with care when applying to turf areas adjacent to any body of water. Drift and runoff from treated turf may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water or rinsate.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. **READ ENTIRE LABEL BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS.**

REFORMULATION OR REPACKAGING OF THIS PRODUCT IS PROHIBITED.

Do not apply Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.

For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the Agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours for all crops.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses. The area treated must be vacated by unprotected persons.

Do not enter or allow others to enter until sprays have dried.

Do not treat areas while unprotected humans or domestic animals are present in the treatment area. Because certain States may require more restrictive reentry intervals, consult your State Department Agriculture for further information.

USE INFORMATION

Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L is a pyridine-based herbicide that provides preemergence and early postemergence control of crabgrass, and preemergence control of other annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in established lawns, commercial sod farms, non-cropland, industrial sites, ornamental turf (including but not limited to golf course fairways, roughs, tee boxes), container-grown ornamentals, field-grown ornamentals, and landscape ornamentals.

Note:

- This product will not control emerged broadleaf weeds or grasses (except for crabgrass prior to tillering stage of growth).

- Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L will control emerged crabgrass up to the initiation of tillering (when crabgrass seedlings become visible in established turf grass, no more than 5 leaves per plant). Suitable control will not be attained when applications are made after initiation of tillering.
- All other applications of this product should be made preemergence (prior to germination of target weeds). Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L will not control established weeds.
- All applications must be followed by ½ inch or more of irrigation or rainfall for activation of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L.
- Time applications to allow for activation before the tillering stage of crabgrass or germination of all other weeds.
- In **New York State**, this product may be used by commercial applicators only at no more than 2 pints (0.5 lb active ingredient) per acre per year. In Nassau and Suffolk counties of New York, do not exceed 1 pint per year of this product (equivalent to 0.25 lb of active ingredient per acre).

Chemigation: Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Mixing Instructions

Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L with Water:

- Fill a clean spray tank 3/4 full of the desired amount of water.
- Add the specified amount of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L to the tank.
- Fill the tank with the remaining amount of water specified under continuous agitation.
- To avoid siphoning back, remove the hose from the mixing tank immediately after filling into the water source.

Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L with Fluid Fertilizers

Apply Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L in tank mix combination with fluid fertilizers or other herbicides at the labeled rates. Only use if (1) the tank mix product is labeled for the use site to be treated and for the timing and method of application; and (2) there is no prohibition for tank mixing on the label of the tank mix product. Follow all relevant use directions, precautions, and limitations on all labels.

Always check for the compatibility of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L with the fluid fertilizer. Perform a Compatibility Test by mixing small amounts before application. See the Physical Compatibility Test section of this label. Follow the mixing procedures listed below for tank mixtures.

Tank Mix Combinations

- To control listed broadleaf weeds in ornamental areas, tank mix with Gallery® 75 OF or Quali-Pro® Isoxaben 75WG and apply preemergence.
- To control undesirable vegetation in ornamental areas, use tank mix combinations with glyphosate and other labeled herbicides. Used together, the tank mix will provide postemergence control of susceptible weed species listed on the label for glyphosate and residual preemergence control of vulnerable weed species listed on the label for Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L. Before use, read the label for glyphosate for use directions, precautions, and limitations before use.

Use Precautions:

- Do not apply sprays containing glyphosate over the top of ornamental plants.
- Do not allow glyphosate to come in contact with foliage and stems of turf grasses, trees, shrubs, or other desirable vegetation since severe damage or death may result.
- In areas adjacent to desirable plants, use a shield to prevent spray from contacting foliage and stems of desirable plants.
- The use of a nonionic surfactant may improve control. Read and follow the surfactant manufacturer's label recommendations.
- A compatibility test (jar test) using comparative proportions of the tank mix ingredients should be conducted prior to mixing ingredients in the spray tank. See the Compatibility Test Mixing Instructions section of this label.

Mixing Order for Tank Mixes:

- Cover filling port with a 20 to 35 mesh screen or wetting basket.
- Fill the spray tank 1/2 full with the desired carrier. Start agitation.
- Add gradually to the mix tank the different formulation types following the order listed below. Make sure that there is sufficient time for complete dispersion and mixing after each product is added.
 1. Compatibility agent (if needed)
 2. Wettable powder or water dispersible granules (if used)
 3. Suspension concentrates
 4. Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L and liquid (emulsifiable concentrate or liquid concentrate) pesticide (if used)
 5. Water solutions

Note:

- Add water soluble liquid pesticide formulations (if used), followed by surfactants, marker dyes or foams, or drift control additives at the final filling of the tank.
- To avoid siphoning back, remove the hose from the mixing tank immediately after filling into the water source.
- Maintain continuous agitation during mixing, final filling and throughout application.
- If spraying and agitation must be stopped before the spray tank is empty, the materials may settle to the bottom. Settled materials must be resuspended before spraying is resumed.

Premixing:

- For Dry and flowable formulations - premix with water (slurried) and add to the spray tank using a 20 to 35 mesh screen.
- For Liquid (emulsifiable concentrate, liquid concentrate, flowable) - premix with one part water prior to adding to the spray tank.

Physical Compatibility Test: Test compatibility by mixing all the components in a small jar in proportionate quantities prior to mixing this product with fluid fertilizers and/or other pesticides.
Compatibility Test Mixing Instructions (for 25 gal. spray solution per acre)

- Determine the amount of pesticide to tank mix by referring to the pesticide label(s).
- Calculate the amount of pesticide to add to the jar based on use rate ratios in table. (For example: a use rate of 1 lb per acre of dry pesticide, add 1 1/2 teaspoons to the jar; a use rate of 1 quart per acre of liquid pesticide, add 1 teaspoon to the jar (Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L should be added based on use rate ratios for liquid pesticides).
- For changes in spray volume or herbicide rate, make appropriate changes in the ingredients for the test.
- Shake well after mixing.

Pesticide Formulation	If	Amount of Pesticide added to Spray Carrier (assuming volume is 25 gpa):
	Rate per Acre is:	Level Teaspoons per Pint Jar of Carrier Solution
Dry	1 lb	1 1/2
Liquid	1 qt	1

Note:

- If crystals, flakes, sludge, gels, oily films or layers do not form, then the tested components are compatible.
- Incompatibility will usually occur within 5 minutes after mixing. Use a compatibility agent if the components are incompatible. Repeat the compatibility test with a suitable compatibility agent (1/2 teaspoon per pint jar is equivalent to 2 pints per 100 gallons of spray solution).
- Do not use mixtures that form crystals, flakes, sludge, gels, oil films or layers or other incompatible signs.

GRASS AND BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED

When applied as a preemergence, Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L controls annual grass and broadleaf weeds listed in the table below. Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L will not control emerged broadleaf weeds or grasses (except for crabgrass prior to tillering stage of growth).

Note: The area to be treated must be free of weeds before application.

<u>Common Name</u>	<u>Scientific Name</u>
Grasses	
barley	Hordeum spp.
barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli
bluegrass, annual	Poa annua
brome	Bromus spp.
crabgrass, large	Digitaria sanguinalis
crabgrass, smooth	Digitaria ischaemum
crabgrass, southern	Digitaria ciliaris
crowfootgrass	Dactyloctenium aegyptium
dallisgrass (seedling)	Paspalum dilatatum

foxtail, giant	Setaria faberi
foxtail, green	Setaria verdi
foxtail, yellow	Pennisetum glaucum
goosegrass	Eleusine indica
kikuyugrass	Pennisetum clandestinum
Mary's grass	Microstegium vimineum (Trin.) A. Camus var. imberbe
oats, wild	Avena fatua
ryegrass (annual & perennial)	Lolium spp.
sandbur	Cenchrus spp.
smutgrass	Sporobolus Indicus
Broadleaf Weeds	
bittercress	Cardamine spp.
carpetweed	Mollugo verticillata
chickweed	Stellaria spp.
dandelion	Taraxacum officinale
geranium, Carolina	Geranium carolinianum
henbit	Lamium spp.
knotweed, prostrate	Polygonum aviculare
lespedeza, common	Lespedeza striata
marestail	Conyza canadensis
medic, black	Medicago lupulina
mulberry weed	Fatoua villosa
mustard	Brassica spp.
oxalis, buttercup	Oxalis pes-caprae
parsley-piert	Alchemilla arvensis
pigweed, redroot	Amaranthus retroflexus
pineappleweed	Matricaria matricarioides
purslane, common	Portulaca oleracea
rocket, London	Sisymbrium irio
shepherdspurse	Capsella bursa-pastoris
sowthistle	Sonchus oleraceus
speedwell, corn	Veronica arvensis
spurge, garden	Euphorbia hirta
spurge, prostrate	Euphorbia humistrata
spurge, spotted	Euphorbia maculata
willowherb	Epilobium spp.
woodsorrel, creeping	Oxalis corniculata
woodsorrel, yellow	Oxalis stricta

USE SITES

TURFGRASS

Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L can be used on seeded, sodded, or sprigged lawns and ornamental turfgrass that are well established.

Use Precautions:

- Before making the first application of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L newly established turf must have developed a good root system and a uniform stand, and have received at least two mowings following seeding, sodding, or sprigging. If this product is applied on turf that is not well-established, or has been weakened by weather, pest, disease, chemical, mechanical or other related stress, turf injury may occur.
- For best results, allow 6 months for sod to be established before applying Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L.
- Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L will prevent the germination of annual bluegrass but will not affect established annual bluegrass. If maintenance of annual bluegrass is desired, using this product during the time of annual bluegrass germination is not recommended. In the states of AZ, CA, NV, OR, WA, NM, ID, MT and UT, Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L may contribute to the thinning or stand reduction in established stands of annual bluegrass.
- Early post emergence applications of this product will control crabgrass only if applied prior to the fifth leaf (first tiller) stage of growth.
- For best results, cultural practices that disturb the soil, such as verticutting and core-, spike-, or hydro-aerification, should be done before applying this product.

Use Restrictions:

- Do not apply this product to golf course putting greens.
- Do not apply this product within 3 months of harvesting sod.
- Do not apply this product until the turfgrass has recovered from cultural practices such as verticutting or core-, spike-, or hydro-aerification.
- Do not use clippings from treated turf for mulching around vegetables or fruit trees.
- Do not apply more than 0.73 oz of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L per 1,000 sq ft (2 pints per acre) per application.
- Do not apply more than 2.2 oz of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L per 1,000 sq ft (6 pints per acre) per year using split or sequential applications.
- In New York State, do not apply more than 2 pints of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L (0.5 lb active ingredient) per acre per year. In Nassau and Suffolk counties of New York, do not exceed 1 pint per year of this product (equivalent to 0.25 lb of active ingredient per acre).

Tolerant Turfgrass Species

When applied as directed under the conditions described, the following established turfgrasses are tolerant to Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L:

Established Cool Season Turfgrasses

<u>Common Name</u>	<u>Scientific Name</u>
bentgrass, creeping*	Agrostis palustris
bluegrass, Kentucky	Poa pratensis

fescue, fine**	Festuca rubra
fescue, tall	Lolium arundinaceum
ryegrass, perennial	Lolium perenne

Established Warm Season Turfgrasses

<u>Common Name</u>	<u>Scientific Name</u>
bahiagrass	Paspalum notatum
Bermudagrass***	Cynodon dactylon
Buffalograss****	Buchloe dactyloides
carpetgrass	Axonopus affinis
centipedegrass	Eremochloa ophiuroides
kikuyugrass	Pennisetum clandestinum
seashore paspalum	Paspalum vaginatum
St. Augustinegrass	Stenotaphrum secundatum
zoysiagrass	Zoysia japonica

- * Do not use this product on certain varieties of creeping bentgrass, such as cohansey, carmen, seaside, and Washington as undesirable turfgrass injury may result. Not all varieties of creeping bentgrass have been tested. Do not apply this product to colonial bentgrass (Agrostis tenuis) varieties.
- ** Do not use this product on certain varieties of fine fescue as undesirable turf injury may result. The following fine fescue varieties have been found to be sensitive to this product: Atlanta, banner, beauty, bilgart, CF-2, enjoy, HF-93, highlight, ivalo, Jamestown, koket, majenta, Mary, pennlawn, Tamara, Tatjana, waldorf, and waldina. Not all varieties of fine fescue have been tested.
- *** Do not use this product on Tifgreen (328) hybrid Bermudagrass as undesirable turfgrass injury may result. Other common and hybrid Bermudagrass varieties are tolerant.
- **** Do not use this product on seedling buffalograss in the spring of the first year of establishment until the turfgrass is fully green and has established new roots.

Reseeding, Overseeding, or Sprigging

Follow proper cultural practices such as soil cultivation, irrigation and fertilization when reseeding or overseeding. Use mechanical or power seeding equipment (slit seeders) designed to give good seed to soil contact

Use Precautions:

- Reseeding, overseeding, or sprigging of treated areas within 3 months after a single application of this product, or within 4 months after a split application program [totaling more than 0.73 oz per 1,000 sq ft (2 pints per acre)], may inhibit the establishment of desirable turfgrasses.
- If slight injury to perennial ryegrass can be tolerated, overseeding of Bermudagrass with perennial ryegrass 8 weeks after an application or as early as 6 weeks after application is an exception.

Application Instructions

To provide a uniform spray distribution, use conventional liquid application equipment, including hand held spray gun, in sufficient carrier volume. Calibrate application equipment before use.

Cluster nozzles or other boomless spray equipment may not give suitable results because of inconsistent application volume and spray pattern. During application, avoid streaking, skips, or excess overlapping. For more accurate application, use marker dyes or foams.

CRABGRASS CONTROL

Preemergence Control

In established lawns and ornamental turf, Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L provides preemergence control of crabgrass (including the large, smooth, and southern species) when applied prior to crabgrass emergence.

Early Postemergence Control

Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L provides early postemergence control of crabgrass during early crabgrass seedling growth following emergence. Since it is very difficult to monitor crabgrass seedlings at early stages of growth in well-established turfgrass, early postemergence control is only attained when this product is applied prior to the tillering of crabgrass (less than 5 leaves per plant). This is usually the time when crabgrass seedlings are easily observed in lawn or turf.

The time from crabgrass emergence until tillering will vary from 2 to 8 weeks as a result of climatic conditions and rate of growth. The use of a nonionic surfactant at 0.5% by volume (2 qt per 100 gallons of spray) may improve early postemergence control. Follow all label recommendations of the surfactant manufacturer's

Early Postemergence Control – Tank Mixtures

When used alone, Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L provides early postemergence control of crabgrass when treated prior to reaching the tillering stage of growth. Control of crabgrass with up to 3 tillers may be attained if applied in combination with either MSMA herbicide or Acclaim herbicide,

Program 1 or Program 2 use rates of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L should be followed if preemergence herbicides have been applied prior to a postemergence application in your area. If no preemergence herbicides have been applied, the Program 3 use rate in combination with MSMA or Acclaim should be followed.

Before tank mixing this product with fluid fertilizers and/or either MSMA or Acclaim, a compatibility test (see Compatibility Test in Mixing Directions section) is suggested. Review the information on tolerance of specific turfgrass species on the MSMA or Acclaim labels. Follow all limitations, precautionary statements, and use restrictions on the relevant labels when using for tank mixtures.

Timing of Applications

For crabgrass control in the spring, summer, or fall, apply this product as a single application, a split application, or a sequential application.

Early Summer or Spring Application: Apply Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L at the listed rate as noted in one of the three application plans in the table below. Rates used are dependent on 1) the user's location, 2) the mowing height of the turfgrass, and 3) whether, at the time of application, the use is considered to be preemergence or early postemergence. The total rate

applied will affect the length of residual weed control provided by this product. Weather, weed pressure, turfgrass competitiveness, and the user's location within a region are also variables in length of control.

Late Summer or Fall Application: Apply Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L in the late summer or early fall (late August through November) at the Plan C use rates listed in the table below. Season-long weed control can be attained by a fall application followed by an appropriately timed spring application. Do not exceed the maximum use rate per year. For Poa annua control see Section titled "Poa annua (Annual Bluegrass) Control" below Use Rate table.

Plan A:

- For preemergence control in turfgrass that is cut relatively high (e.g., residential lawns).
- Provides 3 to 5 months of preemergence crabgrass control and early postemergence control of crabgrass up to the 3-leaf stage at sites where turfgrass is cut relatively high.
- Make split applications with the rates in the Use Rates table being split across two applications made 5 to 10 weeks apart. Split applications may provide improved weed control.

Plan B:

- For preemergence control in turf: (a) when turfgrass is cut relatively low (e.g., golf fairways); and (b) when turfgrass maintenance or weed control has been conducted during the previous year.
- Provides 4 to 6 months of preemergence crabgrass control and for early postemergence control up to crabgrass tillering at sites where turfgrass is cut relatively high.
- Make split applications with the rates in the Use Rates table being split across two applications made 5 to 10 weeks apart. Split applications may provide improved weed control.

Plan C:

- For preemergence control in turf: (a) when turfgrass is cut relatively low (e.g., golf fairways); and (b) when turf maintenance or weed control was not conducted during the previous year.
- Provides 4 to 6 months of preemergence crabgrass control and for early postemergence control up to crabgrass tillering at sites where turfgrass is cut relatively low (e.g., golf fairways).
- For longer periods of control, make subsequent sequential pre and/or postemergence applications.
- Make split applications with the rates in the Use Rates table being split across two applications made 5 to 10 weeks apart. Split applications may provide improved weed control.

Use Rate Table

Note: 1 oz equals 6 teaspoons

Region	Application Rates	Plan A	Plan B	Plan C
All states, except NY[†] and parts of states not listed in transition, south, coastal south or west	pt/acre	0.75	1.0	1.5
	oz/1,000 sq ft	0.28	0.37	0.55
	lb ai/acre	0.188	0.25	0.38
Transition: DE, KS, KY, MD, MO, NJ, VA, southeastern PA, southern areas of IL, IN, OH, coastal areas of CT & RI	pt/acre	1.0	1.5	2 [†]
	oz/1,000 sq ft	0.37	0.55	0.73 [†]
	lb ai/acre	0.25	0.38	0.5 [†]
South: AL, AR, GA, LA, MS, NC, NM, OK, SC, TN, TX	pt/acre	1.5	1.0 + 1.0	1.2 + 1.2
	oz/1,000 sq ft	0.55	0.37 + 0.37	0.46 + 0.46
	lb ai/acre	0.38	0.25 + 0.25 [†]	0.31 + 0.31 [†]
Coastal South: HI, FL, southern coastal areas of AL, GA, LA, MS, NC, SC, TX	pt/acre	1.0 + 1.0	1.25 + 1.25	1.5 + 1.5
	oz/1,000 sq ft	0.37 + 0.37	0.46 + 0.46	0.55 + 0.55
	lb ai/acre	0.25 + 0.25 [†]	0.31 + 0.31 [†]	0.38 + 0.38
West: AZ, CA, NV. In this climatically diverse region, use the higher rates in local areas with longer crabgrass seasons.	pt/acre	0.75 + 1.0	1.0 + 1.5	1.0 + 1.0
	oz/1,000 sq ft	0.28 + 0.37	0.37 + 0.55	0.37 + 0.37
	lb ai/acre	0.18 + 0.25	0.25 + 0.38	0.25 + 0.25

[†]In **New York State**, this product may be used by commercial applicators only at no more than 2 pints (0.5 lb active ingredient) per acre per year. In Nassau and Suffolk counties of New York, do not exceed 1 pint per year of this product (equivalent to 0.25 lb of active ingredient per acre).

Use Restriction:

Maximum Use Rates (All Turf Uses)

- Do not apply more than 0.73 oz of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L per 1,000 sq ft (2 pints per acre) per application.
- Do not apply more than 2.2 oz of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L per 1,000 sq ft (6 pints per acre) per year using split or sequential applications.

Poa Annua (annual bluegrass) Control

- For preemergence control of Poa annua (annual bluegrass), apply this product at a rate of 0.38 to 0.5 lb active ingredient per acre. This is equivalent to 1.5 to 2 pints per acre.
- Apply 6 to 8 weeks before overseeding Bermudagrass with perennial ryegrass (specific to perennial ryegrass; not recommended for Poa trivialis or bentgrass).
- Minimum seeding rate of 400 lbs per acre for perennial ryegrass.
- Use only on fairways and roughs.
- Perennial varieties of Poa annua (var. repens) may not be controlled as well as the true annual.

- After overseeding, do not apply earlier than 16 weeks unless injury to the ryegrass can be tolerated.
- For early season crabgrass treatment and suppression of some winter annual broadleaf weeds, a follow-up treatment 16 weeks after overseeding may be made.

Noncropland and Industrial Sites

For preemergence control of listed annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in terrestrial non-crop areas including farm yards, fence rows, highway, utility and railroad rights-of-way, airports, recreation areas, campgrounds, and industrial sites (lumber yards, tank farms, and storage areas).

- As a preemergence application, Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L controls weeds as they germinate.
- This product will not control established weeds. Make application prior to germination of listed weeds or to bare ground.
- For best results apply to soil that is free of clods, weeds and debris such as leaves.
- Eliminate existing vegetation by cultivation, hand weeding, or use of a postemergence herbicide before application.
- All applications must be followed by ½ inch or more of irrigation or rainfall for activation of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L.
- Avoid excessive soil disruption that may break down the herbicide barrier (minimal surface disruption such as raking should not break down the herbicide barrier).

Use Precautions:

- Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift to non-target areas. This product may injure foliage of non-target plants.
- For ornamentals within non-crop areas, apply only after transplanting when soil around roots has been thoroughly settled by rainfall or irrigation and no cracks are present or injury will result.
- Make sequential applications at 3 to 4 month intervals for extended preemergence weed control.

Use Restrictions:

- Do not graze livestock or feed forage cut from areas treated with this product.
- Do not exceed maximum use rates per year.
- Do not use more than 0.73 oz of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L per 1,000 sq ft (2 pt per acre) per application, or more than 2.2 oz of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L per 1,000 sq ft (6 pt per acre) per year for split or sequential applications.
- In **New York State**, do not apply more than 2 pints of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L (0.5 lb active ingredient) per acre per year. In Nassau and Suffolk counties of New York, do not exceed 1 pt per year of this product (equivalent to 0.25 lb of active ingredient per acre).

Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L – Table of Equivalent Rates

(pt/acre)	(oz/1,000 sq ft)	(oz/100 sq ft)	(ml/100 sq ft)
2	0.73	0.073	2.2

ORNAMENTALS (LANDSCAPE, FIELD GROWN, AND CONTAINER GROWN)

Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L will provide preemergence control of listed annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed on this label in areas planted with tolerant ornamental plants (listed ornamental plants have shown tolerance to over-the-top applications of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L). Application is intended for use on plants grown for aesthetic purposes in landscaped areas or in container or field grown production nurseries.

Use Precautions:

- Apply Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L to established ornamentals only.
- Do not apply this product to bare roots of ornamental plants as injury may result.
- Do not incorporate this product into the soil. Dilution of active ingredient and possible injury to plant roots may occur.
- Do not apply around ornamental plants that have been weakened or are under stress (due to drought, flooding, excessive fertilizer or soil salts, wind injury, hail, frost damage, winter injury, injury from previously applied pesticides or injury due to insects, heat stress, nematodes or diseases).
- Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift to non-target areas. This product may injure foliage of non-target plants unless they are listed on this label.

Use Restrictions:

- Do not apply this product to grasses grown for seed.
- Do not graze livestock or feed forage cut from areas treated with this product.
- Do not apply this product directly to plants that are grown for food (e.g., fruit trees or maple trees tapped for syrup).
- Do not apply this product in enclosed structures and greenhouses.
- Do not apply more than 0.73 oz of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L per 1,000 sq ft (2 pt per acre) per application and no more than 2.2 oz of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L per 1,000 sq ft (6 pt per acre) per year using split or sequential applications.
- In **New York State**, do not apply more than 2 pints of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L (0.5 lb active ingredient) per acre per year. In Nassau and Suffolk counties of New York, do not exceed 1 pint per year of this product (equivalent to 0.25 lb of active ingredient per acre).

Shadehouse Structures: Apply in open shadehouse-type structures where the natural flow of air is unimpeded. **Note:** Do not apply within three weeks prior to enclosing greenhouses or poly-type structures.

Ornamental Species Not Listed on this Label: Tolerance to this product on all ornamental plant species or varieties or under all possible growing conditions is impossible to evaluate. Users who wish to use this product on ornamental species not recommended on this label should determine the suitability for use by treating a small number of ornamental plants at a

recommended rate prior to treating larger areas. The treated plants should be observed for any symptoms of herbicidal injury, such as foliar damage, reduced vigor or stand reduction, during 30 to 60 days of normal growing conditions to determine if the treatment is non-injurious.

Application Instructions

Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L may be applied as a directed spray in established ornamentals or as a broadcast over-the-top spray to listed established ornamentals (see ornamental plant listing). Make directed sprays to the soil at the base of the ornamentals.

- As a preemergence application, Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L controls weeds as they germinate.
- This product will not control emerged broadleaf or grass weeds except crabgrass up to the tillering stage of growth.
- Make application prior to germination of listed weeds or to bare ground.
- For best results apply to soil that is free of clods, weeds and debris such as leaves.
- Eliminate existing vegetation by cultivation, hand weeding, or use of a postemergence herbicide before application.
- All applications must be followed by ½ inch or more of irrigation or rainfall for activation of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L.
- Avoid excessive soil disruption that may break down the herbicide barrier (minimal surface disruption such as raking should not break down the herbicide barrier).
- Take care after transplanting that soil or planting mixes have settled firmly through irrigation, rainfall or packing and that there are no cracks that would allow direct contact of this product to the plant roots or plant injury may occur.

To reduce injury

- Apply with calibrated equipment using a minimum of 2 gallons of water per 1,000 sq. ft.
- Immediately after application apply overhead irrigation to activate the herbicide and wash the product from plant surface onto soil surface.
- In the spring over the top application of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L may temporarily injure new growth of desirable plants. It is advisable to wait to apply Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L over the top of newly emerged vegetation until it has hardened off unless you have experience that the ornamental plant will not be injured by the over the top application.
- Do not apply to plants that are under stress such as heat, drought or frost damage.

Application Rates

- Make application prior to germination of target weed species.
- Mix Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L with clean water at 0.5 to 0.73 oz of product per 1,000 sq ft per application and applied at 20 to 40 psi in a minimum of 1 gallon of water per 1,000 sq ft.
- Make sequential applications at 3 to 4 month intervals for extended preemergence weed control.
- When treating a small area, apply Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L with a calibrated sprayer that assures accurate, uniform spray distribution.
- Do not exceed maximum use rates per year.

Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L – Table of Equivalent Rates

(pt/acre)	(oz/1,000 sq ft)	(oz/100 sq ft)	(ml/100 sq ft)
2	0.73	0.073	2.2

Tolerant Ornamentals

When Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L is applied as directed under the conditions described on this label, ornamentals listed below have shown tolerance in field trials.

Name	Tolerant Cultivars	Container Grown Ornamentals Acceptable Application Method Noted by a (X)		Field/Landscape Grown Ornamentals Acceptable Application Method Noted by a (X)	
		Over the Top	Directed	Over the Top	Directed
abella (<i>Abelia x grandiflora</i>)	nana grand surprise	X	X	X	X
acacia, redolens (<i>Acacia redolens</i>)		X	X	X	X
abyssinian red banana (<i>Ensete ventricosum</i>)	maureli	X	X	X	X
Ajuga carpet bugle (<i>Ajuga reptans</i>) (<i>Ajuga genevensis</i>)	bronze bronze beauty		X		X
almond, flowering (<i>Prunus glandulosa</i>)			X		X
appler (<i>Malus pumila</i>)			X		X
aralia, Japanese (<i>Fatsia japonica</i>)			X	X	X
arborvitae (<i>Thuja occidentalis</i>)	nigra pyramidalis smaragh techny woodwardII		X		X
arborvitae, dwarf golden (<i>Thuja orientalis</i>)	aurea nana	X	X	X	X
ash, green (<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>)			X		X

birch, European white (<i>Betula pendula</i>)			X	X	X
blackeyed Susan (<i>Rudbeckia hirta</i>)	goldstrum		X		X
blanket flower (<i>Gaillardia spp.</i>)			X		X
blood grass (<i>Imperata cylindrica</i>)	rubra	X	X	X	X
blue fescue (<i>Festuca ovina</i>)			X		X
bluebeard (<i>Caryopteris x clandonensis</i>)	dark knight	X	X	X	X
blueberryT (<i>Vaccinium spp.</i>)	bluecrop blue jay Jersey north blue northland		X X X X X		X X X X X
bottlebrush (<i>Callistemon citrinus</i>)	Little John	X	X	X	X
bougainvillea (<i>Bougainvillea sp.</i>)	James Walker pink dream purple queen rosenka Scarlet 0' Hara		X X X X X	X X X X X	X X X X X
bower vine (<i>Pandorea jasminoides</i>)	rosea	X	X	X	X
boxwood (<i>Buxus microphylla</i>)	japonica		X		X
boxwood, green beauty (<i>Buxus microphylla japonica</i>)	green beauty	X	X	X	X
boxwood, welleri (<i>Buxus sempervirens</i>)	winter gem	X	X	X	X
broom (<i>Cytisus scoparius</i>) (<i>Genista pilosa</i>)	moonlight Vancouver gold		X X		X X
camellia (<i>Camellia japonica</i>) (<i>Camellia sasanqua</i>)	debutante mathotiana supreme chansonette setsukQekka		X X X X	X X X X	X X X X
candytuft (<i>Iberis sempervirens</i>)	snow white		X		X
carex, variegated (<i>Carex spp.</i>)			X		X
carpet bugle (<i>Ajuga reptans</i>) (<i>Ajuga genevensis</i>)	bronze bronze beauty		X X		X X
cedar, red (<i>Juniperus virginiana</i>)			X		X
celosia (<i>Celosia spp.</i>)			X		X

centaura (<i>Centaurea montana</i>)			X		X
Chinese pistache (<i>Pistacia chinensis</i>)			X	X	X
chrysanthemum (<i>Chrysanthemum spp.</i>)	mandarin time	X	X	X	X
clivia (<i>Clivia miniata</i>)		X	X	X	X
cockscomb, plumosa (<i>Celosia cristata</i>)	scarl.et plumosa		X		X
coleus (<i>Coleus blumei</i>)	red kewpie		X		X
columbioe (<i>Aquilegia spp.</i>)			X		X
coneflower, purple (<i>Echinacea purpurea</i>)	magnus purple	X	X	X	X
copper leaf (<i>Acalypha wilkesiana</i>)			X		X
coreopsis (<i>Coreopsis spp.</i>)	moonbeam		X		X
corn flower (<i>Centaurea spp.</i>)			X		X
cotoneaster (<i>Cotoneaster apiculatus</i>)			X		X
coyotebrush (<i>Baccharis pilularis</i>)			X		X
cycad (<i>Cycas revoluta</i>)			x		X
cypress, bald (<i>Taxodium distichum</i>)			X		X
cypress, Italian (<i>Cupressus sempervirens</i>)	glauca tiny tower	X	X	X	X
cypress, hinokl false (<i>Chamaecyparis obtusa</i>)	gracilis torulosa	X	X	X	X
cypress, leyland (<i>Cupressocyparis leylandii</i>) hybrid		X	X	X	X
daffodil (<i>Narcissus spp.</i>)	King Alfred		X		X
daylilly (<i>Hemerocallis spp.</i>)	Aztec gold bright yellow (hybrid) single gold (evergreen) Wilson's yellow		X X X X		X X X X
dianthus (sweet William) (<i>Dianthus spp.</i>) (<i>Dianthus gratianopolitanus</i>)	firewatch	X	X	X	X
delphinium (<i>Delphinium spp.</i>)	magic fountain		X		X
dogwood (<i>Comus florida</i>)			X		X
dogwood, American (<i>Comus sericea</i>)	flavarimea		X		X

Douglas fir (<i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i>)			X		X
dracaena (<i>Cordylle Indivisa</i>) (<i>Cordylle australis</i>)		X X	X X	X X	X X
dusty miller (<i>Senecio cineraria</i>)		X	X	X	X
elni (<i>Ulmus parvifolia</i>)	drake		X		X
eulallagrass/maiden grass (<i>Miscanthus sinensis</i>)	gracillimus variegatus morning light	X X X	X X X	X X X	X X X
euonymus (<i>Euonymus fortunei</i>)	Argenteo-variegata colorata emerald gaiety emerald n' gold gold edge golden princess tricolor vegetus		X X X X X X X X		X X X X X X X X
(<i>Euonymus japonicus</i>)	Aureomarginata microphylla variegata "Moness" silver princess		X X X	X X	X X X
(<i>Euonymus kiatschovicus</i>)	silver king Manhattan	X X	X X	X	X X
euryops, green leaved (<i>Euryops pectinatus</i>)	viridis	X	X	X	X
fan palm, European (<i>Chamaerops humilis</i>)			X		X
fan palm, Mexican (<i>Washingtonia robusta</i>)			X		X
fem (various) (<i>Asparagus spp.</i>)			X		X
fescue (<i>Festuca glauca</i>)			X		X
fescue, blue (<i>Festuca cinerea</i>)	Elijah blue		X	X	X
fetterbush (<i>Leucothoe fontanesiana</i>)	rainbow		X		X
fig (<i>Ficus retusa</i>)	nitida		X		X
fir fraser (<i>Abies fraseri</i>)			X		X
fortnight lily (<i>Moraea bicolor</i>)		X	X	X	X

Forsythia (<i>Forsythia</i> x Arnold Dwarf) (<i>Forsythia viridissima</i>) (<i>Forsythia xintermedia</i>) (<i>Forsythia</i> x Meadowlark) (<i>Forsythia x intermedia</i>) (<i>Forsythia suspensa</i>)	arnold dwarf bronxensis dwarf lynwood gold meadowlark spring glory weeping	X	X X X X X	X	X X X X X
fountain grass, purple (<i>Pennisetum setaceum</i>)	rubrum	X	X	X	X
fuchsia (<i>Fuchsia</i> spp.)			X		X
galium (<i>Galium odoratum</i>)			X		X
gardenia (<i>Gardenia jasminoides</i>) (<i>Gardenia thunbergia</i>)	mystery radicans veltchil white gem	X X X	X X X	X X X	X X X
Garlic, variegated society (<i>Thuilbaghia violacea</i>)	variegate	X	X	X	X
gayfeather (<i>Liatris spicata</i>)	floristan violet	X	X	X	X
geranium (<i>Pelargonium x hortorum</i>)			X		X
globe thistle (<i>Echinops ritro</i>)		X	X	X	X
gum (<i>Eucalyptus citriodora</i>)			X		X
hawthorn (<i>Crataegus</i> spp.)	cockspur white crimson cloud enchantress Jack Evans Washington white		X X X X X		X X X X X
hawthorn, Indian (<i>Rhaphiolepis indica</i>)	ballerina	X	X	X	X
heather, twisted (<i>Erica cinerea</i>)	Mediterranean pink		X		X
heliotrope (<i>Heliotropum arborescens</i>)	iowa		X	X	X
hemlock, Canada (<i>Tsuga canadensis</i>)			X		X
hibiscus (<i>Hibiscus</i> spp.) (<i>Hibiscus rosa-sinensis</i>)	blue bird brilliant hula girl Seminole pink		X X X X	X	X X X X
holly (<i>flex</i> x 'Nellie R. Stevens') (<i>flex</i> x <i>attenuata</i>)	Nellie R. Stevens fosteri Savannah	X	X X X	X	X X X
holly, blue (<i>flex</i> x <i>meserveae</i>)	blue boy blue girl China Qirl		X X X		X X X

holly, cassine (<i>flex cassine</i>)		X	X	X	X
holly, Chinese (<i>flex cornuta</i>)	burfordii needlepoint		X X		X X
holly, Japanese (<i>flex crenate</i>)	compacta hellerle Japanese northern beauty steeds	X	X X X	X	X X X
holly, yaupon (<i>flex vomitoria</i>)			X		X
honeysuckle (<i>Lonicera xylosteum</i>) (<i>Lonicera japonica</i>) (<i>Lonicera tatarica</i>) (<i>Lonicera x brownii</i>)	Claveyf dwarf halliana Canadian white Zabelli dropmore scarlet	X	X X X X	X	X X X X
hop bush, purple (<i>Dodonea viscosa</i>)	purpurea	X	X	X	X
hosta (<i>Hosta sieboldii</i>) (<i>Hosta lancifolia</i>)	alba marQinata		X X		X X
ice plant (<i>Carpobrotus edulis</i>)		X	X	X	X
ice plant, rosea (<i>Drosanthemum floribundum</i>)		X	X	X	X
ice plant, white trailing (<i>Delosperma alba</i>)		X	X	X	X
ice plant, purple (<i>Lampranthus productus</i>)		X	X	X	X
Ice plant, red spike (<i>Cephalophyllumalstonii</i>)		X	X	X	X
Impatiens (<i>Impatiens spp.</i>)			X		X
iris (<i>Iris spp.</i>)	dwarf blue wedgewood		X X		X X
Ivy, English (<i>Hedera helix</i>)	Bulgaria thorndale		X X		X X
jasmine, Asian (<i>Trachelospermum asiaticum</i>)			X		X
jasmine, star (<i>Trachelospermum jasminoides</i>)			X		X

laurel, Carolina cherry (<i>Prunus caroliniana</i>)	bright n' tight	X	X	X	X
laurel, mountain (<i>Kalmia latifolia</i>)			X		X
leucothoe (<i>Leucothoe fontanesiana</i>)			X		X
ligustrum, Japanese (<i>Ligustrum japonicum</i>)			X		X
lily (<i>Agapanthus</i> spp.)	streamline		X		X
Lily of the Nile (<i>Agapanthus africanus</i>)	albus Peter Pan		X X		X X
lilyturf (<i>Liriope muscari</i>)	evergreen giant lilac beauty majestic monroe white silvery sunproof variegate	X X	X X X X	X X	X X X X X
lilyturf, creeping (<i>Liriope spicata</i>)			X		X
magnolia, saucer (<i>Magnolia x soulangeana</i>)		X	X	X	X
mandeville (<i>Mandevilla splendens</i>) (<i>Mandevilla x amabilis</i>)	Red Riding Hood crimson jewel	X X	X X	X X	X X
maple, amur (<i>Acer ginnala</i>)	emerald elf	X	X	X	X
maple, Japanese (<i>Acer palmatum</i>)			X		X
maple, Norway (<i>Acer platanoides</i>)			X		X
maple, red ¹ (<i>Acer rubrum</i>)	red sunset	X	X	X	X
maple, silver (<i>Acer saccharinum</i>)			X		X
maple sugar ¹ (<i>Acer saccharum</i>)			X		X
marguerite, blue (<i>Felicia amelloides</i>)		X	X	X	X
marigold (<i>Tageies patula</i>)	honeycomb variegate wheeleris dwarf		X X X		X X X
mock orange ¹ (<i>Philadelphus</i> spp.)	golden snowflake double white		X X		X X
mondo grass (<i>Ophiopogon japonicus</i>)			X		X
moss rose (<i>Portulaca grandiflora</i>)	sunnyside		X		X
mountainash (<i>Sorbus aucuparia</i>)			X		X

myrtle, crape (<i>Lagerstroemia indica</i>)	faurel langer muskogee standard pink zuni	X	X X X X	X	X X X X
myrtle, wax (<i>Myrica californica</i>)			X		X
narcissus (<i>Narcissus</i> spp.)			X		X
New Zealand flax (<i>Phormium</i> spp.) (<i>Phormium tenax</i>)	rainbow chief rainbow queen Jack Spratt	X X X	X X X	X X X	X X X
oak, laurel (<i>Quercus laurifolia</i>)			X		X
oak, pin (<i>Quercus palustris</i>)			X		X
oak, red (<i>Quercus rubra</i>)			X		X
oak, southern (<i>Quercus virginiana</i>)			X		X
oak, willow (<i>Quercus phellos</i>)			X		X
oleander (<i>Nerium oleander</i>)	hardy red Mrs. Reeding petite pink sister agnes	X	X X X X	X	X X X X
osmanthus, holly leaf (<i>Osmanthus heterophyllus</i>)	goshiki	X	X	X	X
osteospermum (<i>Osteospermum fruticosum</i>)	whirligig		X		X
pachysandra (<i>Pachysandra terminalis</i>)			X		X
palm, bangalow (<i>Archontophoenix cunninghamiana</i>)			X		X
palm, bismark (<i>Bismarckia nobilis</i>)			X	X	X
palm, California fan (<i>Washingtonia filifera</i>)		X	X	X	X
palm, cardboard (<i>Lamia furfuracea</i>)		X	X	X	X
palm, majesty (<i>Ravenea rivularis</i>)		X	X	X	X
palm, paurotis (<i>Accolorraphe wrightii</i>)		X	X	X	X
palm, queen (<i>Syagrus romanzoffianum</i>)		X	X	X	X
pampas grass (<i>Cortaderia selloana</i>)	ivory feathers		X		X
pansy (<i>Viola x wittrockiana</i>)			X		X

paper flower (<i>Bougainvillea glabra</i>)	Barbara Karst	X	X	X	X
peach (<i>Prunus persica</i>)			X		X
pepper tree, California (<i>Schinus molle</i>)		X	X	X	X
periwinkle, dwarf (<i>Vinca minor</i>)			X		X
petunia (<i>Petunia x hybrida</i>)	picoti		X		X
philodendron, tree (<i>Philodendron selloum</i>)		X	X	X	X
photinia, red tip (<i>Photinia x fraseri</i>)			X		X
piers (<i>Pieris taiwanensis</i>)			X		X
piers, Japanese (<i>Pieris japonica</i>)	mountain fire		X		X
pine, Afghan (<i>Pinus eldarica</i>)		X	X	X	X
pine, aleppo (<i>Pinus haiapensis</i>)		X	X	X	X
pine, Austrian black (<i>Pinus nigra</i>)		X	X	X	X
pine, Canary Island (<i>Pinus canariensis</i>)		X	X	X	X
pine, Japanese black (<i>Pinus thunbergia</i>)		X	X	X	X
pine, loblolly (<i>Pinus taeda</i>)			X		X
pine, longleaf (<i>Pinus palustris</i>)			X		X
pine, mugo or Swiss Mt. (<i>Pinus mugo</i>)			X		X
pine, Scotch (<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>)			X		X
pine, slash (<i>Pinus elliottii</i>)			X		X
pine, Virginia (<i>Pinus virginiana</i>)			X		X
pine, white (<i>Pinus strobus</i>)		X	X	X	X
pineapple, guava (<i>Feiioa sellowiana</i>)			X		X
pittosporum, (<i>Pittosporum tobira</i>)	Wheeler's dwarf shimi creme de menth golf ball	X X X	X X X	X X X	X X X
plumbago, cape (<i>Plumbago auriculata</i>)	royal cape	X	X		X
plume grass (<i>Erianthus ravennae</i>)			X	X	X

potentilla (<i>Potentilla fruticosa</i>) (<i>Potentilla nepalensis</i>)	abbotswood		x x		x x
priv.et (<i>Ligustrum x vicaryii</i>) (<i>Ligustrum japonicum</i>)	golden vicary regal texanum yellow tipped	x	x x x x	x	x x x x
privet, glossy (<i>Ligustrum lucidum</i>)			x		x
pyracantha or firethorn (<i>Pyracantha 'Gnome1</i> (<i>Pyracantha coccinea</i>) (<i>Pyracantha koidzumii</i>)	gnome lalandei victory	x	x x x	x x	x x x
queen palm (<i>Arecastrum rammanzoffianum</i>).			x		x
quince, Japanese ¹ (<i>Chaenomeles japonica</i>)			x		x
red hot poker (<i>Kniphofia uvaria</i>)	flamenco	x	x	x	x
redbud, eastern (<i>Cercis canadensis</i>)			x	x	x
redwood, coast (<i>Sequoia sempervirens</i>)		x	x	x	x
rhododendron (<i>Rhododendron spp.</i>)	album Cunningham white PJM purple gem silvery pink		x x x x x		x x x x x
rhododendron, Carolina (<i>Rhododendron carolinianum</i>)			x		x
rhododendron, catawba (<i>Rhododendron catawblense</i>)			x		x
rhododendron, rhodie max - rosebay (<i>Rhododendron maximum</i>)			x		x
ribbon grass (<i>Phalaris arundinacea</i>)			x		x
rockcress (<i>Arabis caucasica</i>)	snowcap		x		x
rose ¹ (<i>Rosa banksiae</i>)	luta		x		x
rose, groundcover (<i>Rosa x Noare</i>) (<i>Rosa x Noaschnee</i>) (<i>Rosa x Noatrum</i>)	flower carpet red flower carpet white flower carpet pink	x x x	x x x	x x x	x x x
rose, knockout shrub (<i>Rosa spp. hybrid</i>)	knockout	x	x	x	x
rosemary ¹ (<i>Rosmarinus officinalis</i>)			x		x

rosemary, bog (<i>Andromeda polifolia</i>)	nana		X		X
salvia (<i>Salvia farinacea</i>)	rhea		X		X
sedge, leather leaf (<i>Carex buchananii</i>)		X		X	X
sedum (<i>Sedum spurium</i>)	dragon blood red red carpet yellow		X X X		X X X
silk tree (<i>Albizia julibrissin</i>)		X	X	X	X
smoketree, royal purple (<i>Cotinus coggygria</i>)	royal purple		X		X
snapdragon (<i>Antirrhinum</i> spp.)			X		X
snow-in-summer (<i>Cerastium tomentosum</i>)		X	X	X	X
snowball, common (<i>Viburnum opulus</i>)	sterile	X	X	X	X
sourwood (<i>Oxydendrum arboreum</i>)			X		X
spiraea (<i>Astilbe X arendsii</i>)	fanall		X		X
spiraea (<i>Spiraea</i> spp.)	Anthony Waterer red dolchica froebeli pink goldentlame red snowmound white Van Houtte white		X X X X X X		X X X X X X
spiraea, garland (<i>Spiraea x arguta</i>)			X		X
spruce, Black Hills (<i>Picea glauca var densata</i>)			X		X
spruce, Colorado blue (<i>Picea pungens</i>)	glauca	X	X	X	X
spruce, dwarf Alberta (<i>Picea glauca v. albertiana</i>)	conlea	X	X	X	X
spruce, Norway (<i>Picea abies</i>)			X		X
spruce, white (<i>Picea glauca</i>)	conica		X		X
spurge, Japanese (<i>Pachysandra terminalis</i>)	green sheen	X	X	X	X
sweet bay (<i>Laurus nobilis</i>)			X	X	X
sweetflag (<i>Acorus calamus</i>) (<i>Acorus gramineus</i>)	ogon	X	X X	X	X X
sweetgum (<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>)			X		X
sweet olive (<i>Osmanthus fragrans</i>)			X	X	X

sycamore (<i>Platanus occidentalis</i>) (<i>Platanus racemosa</i>)	American California	X	X	X	X
tea tree, New Zealand (<i>Leptospermum scoparium</i>)	ruby glow martini	X X	X X	X X	X X
tree fern (tiki fern) (<i>Asparagus virgatus</i>)			X		X
trumpetflower or Carolina Jessamine (<i>Gelsemium sempervirens</i>)			X		X
tulip (<i>Tulip</i> spp.)	apeldoorn		X		X
tufted halgrass (<i>Deschampsia caespitosa</i>)			X		X
verbena, shrub (<i>Lantana sellowiana</i>)			X		X
Verbena, St. Paul's (<i>Verbena peruviana</i>)	St. Paul		X		X
viburnum (<i>Viburnum</i> spp.)	American cranberry bush arrowwood European cranberry bush linden Mohican wright		X X X X X X		X X X X X X
vinca (periwinkle) (<i>Vinca minor</i>)			X		X
windmill palm (<i>Trachycarpus fortunei</i>)			X		X
wisteria, Japanese (<i>Wisteria floribunda</i>)	Texas purple	X	X	X	X
xylosma (<i>Xylosma congestum</i>)			X		X
yarrow (<i>Achillea</i> spp.)			X		X
yaupon (<i>flex vomitoria</i>)	dwarf		X		X
yellow bells (<i>Tacoma stans</i>)		X	X	X	X
yesterday today-and- tomorrow (<i>Brunfelsia pauciflora</i>)	floribunda	X	X	X	X
Yew (<i>Taxus cuspidata</i>) (<i>Taxus x media</i>)	capitata denisiformis	x	X X	X	X X
yucaa, red (<i>Hesperaloe parvifolia</i>)		X	X	X	X
yew (<i>Taxus cuspidata</i>) (<i>Taxus media</i>)	capitata denisiformis	X	X	X	X

^t Ornamental species only. Do not use on plants grown for food.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal or cleaning of equipment.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container in dry, cool, secured storage area. Store this product above 32°F to avoid crystallization. If crystals form or product freezes, move product to area with ambient temperature above 32°F and shake well until crystals have dissolved.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be used according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

Nonrefillable Container (five gallon or less): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. If recycling is not available, puncture or dispose of in a sanitary landfill or incineration or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke.

Nonrefillable Container (greater than five gallons): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. If recycling is not available, puncture or dispose of in a sanitary landfill or incineration or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke.

FOR 24-HOUR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE (SPILL, LEAK, OR FIRE), CALL Safety Call International at (866) 327-7282

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

Read the entire direction for use, conditions of warranties and limitations of liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following CONDITIONS, DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES, and LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risk associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or

application, all of which are beyond the control of Control Solutions, Inc. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: To the extent consistent with applicable law, Control Solutions, Inc. makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond the statements made on this label. No agent of Control Solutions, Inc. is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Control Solutions, Inc. disclaims any liability whatsoever for special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use or handling of this product.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use or handling of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid or at Control Solutions, Inc election, the replacement of product.

QUALI-PRO® Dithiopyr 2 L (53883-xxx); proposed label 9-12-2012

(Sub-Label B: Residential Use)

Quali-Pro[®] DITHIOPYR 2L

Preemergence and Early Postemergence Herbicide for Control of listed Annual Grasses and Broadleaf Weeds in Established lawns, Ornamental Turf (including but not limited to Golf Course Fairways, Roughs, Tee Boxes), Container-grown Ornamentals, and Landscape Ornamentals.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

dithiopyr: S, S'-dimethyl 2-(difluoromethyl)-4-(2-methylpropyl)-6-(trifluoromethyl)-3,5-pyridinedicarbothioate.....	23.6%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	76.4%
TOTAL	100.0%

Contains 2 lbs active ingredient per gallon or 240 grams per liter.

Keep Out of Reach of Children WARNING AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

Manufactured for:
Control Solutions, Inc.
5903 Genoa Red Bluff
Pasadena, TX 77507

EPA Reg. No. 53883-xxx
NET CONTENTS: xxxx gals

EPA Est. No. XXXXXXXXXXXX

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Causes skin irritation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid contact with eyes. Wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves \geq 14 mils (such as barrier laminate or butyl rubber), and shoes plus socks. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

FIRST AID	
IF IN EYES:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes; then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF SWALLOWED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF INHALED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance; then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
<p>Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact SafetyCall® at (866) 897-8050 for emergency medical treatment information.</p>	

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish and highly toxic to other aquatic organisms including oysters and shrimp. Use with care when applying to turf areas adjacent to any body of water. Drift and runoff from treated turf may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water or rinsate.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. READ ENTIRE LABEL BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT.

Not for use on plants being grown for sale or other commercial use as sod, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes. For use on plants intended for aesthetic purposes or climatic modification and being grown in ornamental gardens or on lawns and grounds.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal or cleaning of equipment.

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Nonrefillable Container (greater than five gallons): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. If recycling is not available, puncture or dispose of in a sanitary landfill or incineration or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke.

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USE INFORMATION

Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L is for use in established lawns, ornamental turf, and container and landscape ornamentals for control of crabgrass and other annual grasses and broadleaf weeds

Note:

- This product will not control established weeds (except for crabgrass prior to tillering stage of growth).
- Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L will control emerged crabgrass up to the initiation of tillering (when crabgrass seedlings become visible in established turf grass, no more than 5 leaves per plant). Suitable control will not be attained when applications are made after initiation of tillering.

- All other applications of this product should be made preemergence (prior to germination of target weeds).
- All applications must be followed by ½ inch or more of irrigation or rainfall for activation of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L.
- Time applications to allow for activation before the tillering stage of crabgrass or germination of all other weeds.
- In **New York State**, do not use more than 1 pint of this product per acre per year (equal to 0.25 lb of active ingredient per acre).

Keep unprotected persons out of treated area until sprays have dried.

Mixing Directions

- Apply Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L in 1 to 2 gallons of water per 1,000 sq ft. with a hand-held pump-up or backpack sprayer.
- Fill the clean spray tank 3/4 full of the desired amount of water.
- Add the specified amount of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L to the tank.
- Fill the tank with the remaining amount of water specified.

Use Rates

Application Rate (active ingredient/acre)	Equivalent Rate per 1,000 sq ft [†]		
	Pint (pt)	Teaspoons (tsp)	Ounces (oz)
0.25 lb	0.02	2.2	0.32
0.5 lb	0.04	4.4	0.64

[†]1,000 sq ft is equal to an area 100 ft X 10 ft or square area about 32 ft on a side.

Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L – Table of Equivalent Rates for Treatment of Small Areas

Rate (pt per 1,000 sq ft)	Equivalent Rate per 500 sq ft			Equivalent Rate per 100 sq ft		
	(pt)	(tsp)		(pt)	(tsp)	(oz)
0.04	0.02	1.9	0.32	0.004	0.38	.064
0.02	0.01	0.9	0.16	0.002	0.19	.032

Grass and Broadleaf Weeds Controlled

When used as a preemergence application, Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L controls annual grass and broadleaf weeds listed in the table below. This product will not control emerged broadleaf weeds or grasses (except for crabgrass prior to tillering stage of growth). The area to be treated must be free of weeds before application.

Common Name	
Grasses	
barley	foxtail, green

barnyardgrass	foxtail, yellow
bluegrass, annual	goosegrass
brome	kikuyugrass
crabgrass, large	Mary's grass
crabgrass, smooth	oats, wild
crabgrass, southern	ryegrass (annual & perennial)
crowfootgrass	sandbur
dallisgrass (seedling)	smutgrass
foxtail, giant	
Broadleaf Weeds	
bittercress	parsley-piert
carpetweed	pigweed, redroot
chickweed	pineappleweed
dandelion	purslane, common
geranium, Carolina	rocket, London
henbit	shepherdspurse
knotweed, prostrate	speedwell, corn
lespedeza, common	spurge, garden
marestail	spurge, prostrate
medic, black	spurge, spotted
mulberry weed	willowherb
mustard	woodsorrel, creeping
oxalis, buttercup	woodsorrel, yellow

* **For Extended control of annual bluegrass in the south and coastal south regions** – follow an initial application of 4.4 teaspoons of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L per 1,000 sq ft (0.5 lb active ingredient) 6 to 8 weeks before overseeding with perennial ryegrass with a second application of 2.2 to 4.4 teaspoons of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L per 1,000 sq ft (0.25 to 0.5 lb active ingredient) 120 days after overseeding. Minimum seeding rate of 9 lbs perennial ryegrass seed per 1,000 sq. ft. Injury to overseeded perennial ryegrass may occur (see Reseeding, Overseeding, or Sprigging precautions under Turfgrass).

USE SITES

TURFGRASS

Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L can be used on seeded, sodded, or sprigged lawns and ornamental turfgrass that are well established.

Use Precautions:

- Before making the first application of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L newly established turf must have developed a good root system and a uniform stand, and have received at least two mowings following seeding, sodding, or sprigging. If this product is applied on turf that is not well-established, or has been weakened by weather, pest, disease, chemical, mechanical or other related stress, turf injury may occur.

- For best results, allow 6 months for sod to be established before applying Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L.
- Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L will prevent the germination of annual bluegrass but will not affect established annual bluegrass. If maintenance of annual bluegrass is desired, using this product during the time of annual bluegrass germination is not recommended. In the states of AZ, CA, NV, OR, WA, NM, ID, MT and UT, Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L may contribute to the thinning or stand reduction in established stands of annual bluegrass.
- For crabgrass control apply this product as an early post emergence application prior to the fifth leaf (first tiller) stage of growth.
- For best results, disturb the soil by such practices as verticutting and core-, spike-, or hydro-aerification before applying this product.

Use Restrictions:

- Do not apply this product until the turfgrass has recovered from cultural practices such as verticutting or core-, spike-, or hydro-aerification.
- Do not use clippings from treated turf for mulching around vegetables or fruit trees.
- Do not apply more than 4.4 teaspoons (0.73 oz) of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L per 1,000 sq ft per application.
- Do not apply more than 13.2 teaspoons (2.2 oz) of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L per 1,000 sq ft per year using split or sequential applications.
- In **New York State**, do not apply more than 1 pint of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L (0.25 lb active ingredient) per acre per year.

Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L Tolerant Turfgrass Species

When applied as directed under the conditions described, the following established turfgrasses are tolerant to this product.

Established Cool Season Turfgrasses:

- bentgrass, creeping*
- bluegrass, Kentucky
- fescue, fine**
- fescue, tall
- ryegrass, perennial

Established Warm Season Turfgrasses:

- bahiagrass
- Bermudagrass***
- Buffalograss****
- carpetgrass
- centipedegrass
- kikuyugrass
- seashore paspalum
- St. Augustinegrass
- zoysiagrass

* Do not use this product on certain varieties of creeping bentgrass, such as cohansey, carmen, seaside, and Washington as undesirable turfgrass injury may result. Not all varieties of creeping bentgrass have been tested. Do not apply this product to colonial

bentgrass (*Agrostis tenuis*) varieties.

- ** Do not use this product on certain varieties of fine fescue as undesirable turf injury may result. The following fine fescue varieties have been found to be sensitive to this product: Atlanta, banner, beauty, bilgart, CF-2, enjoy, HF-93, highlight, ivalo, Jamestown, koket, majenta, Mary, pennlawn, Tamara, Tatjana, waldorf, and waldina. Not all varieties of fine fescue have been tested.
- *** Do not use this product on Tifgreen (328) hybrid Bermudagrass as undesirable turfgrass injury may result. Other common and hybrid Bermudagrass varieties are tolerant.
- **** Do not use this product on seedling buffalograss in the spring of the first year of establishment until the turfgrass is fully green and has established new roots.

Reseeding, Overseeding, or Sprigging

Note:

- Reseeding, overseeding, or sprigging of treated areas within 3 months after a single application of this product, or within 4 months after a split application program [totaling more than 4.5 teaspoons per 1,000 sq. ft. may hinder the establishment of desirable turfgrasses.
- If slight injury to perennial ryegrass can be tolerated, overseeding of Bermudagrass with perennial ryegrass 8 weeks after an application or as early as 6 weeks after application is an exception.

Application Instructions

Make application as a coarse spray. Apply uniformly to avoid streaking, skips, or excess overlaps during application. Apply Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L as a preventative (preemergence) treatment prior to their germination and emergence in the spring, summer or fall for control or suppression of grass and broadleaf weeds,

Crabgrass Control

Spring Application

Preemergence Control: Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L provides preemergence control of crabgrass (including the large, smooth, and southern species) when applied prior to crabgrass emergence in established lawns and ornamental turf.

Early Postemergence Control: Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L provides early postemergence control of crabgrass during early crabgrass seedling growth following emergence. Since it is very difficult to observe very small crabgrass seedlings at early stages of growth in well-established turfgrass, early postemergence crabgrass control is attained only when this product is applied prior to the tillering of crabgrass (less than 5 leaves per plant). This is usually the time when crabgrass seedlings are easily observed in lawn or turf.

The time from crabgrass emergence until tillering will vary from 2 to 8 weeks as a result of climatic conditions and rate of growth. The use of a nonionic surfactant at 0.5% by volume (2 qt per 100 gallons of spray) may improve early postemergence control. Read and follow the surfactant manufacturer's label recommendations.

Fall Application

Preemergence Control: Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L, applied in the late summer or early fall (late August through November), provides preemergence control of all listed weeds. For season-long weed control make a fall application followed by an appropriately timed spring

application. Do not exceed the maximum use rate per year.

Ornamentals (Landscape and Container Grown) Use

Apply Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L for preemergence control of listed annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in areas planted with tolerant ornamental plants listed on this label.

Note: It is intended for use on plants grown for aesthetic purposes in landscaped areas.

Use Precautions

- Apply Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L to established ornamentals only.
- Do not apply this product to bare roots of ornamental plants as Injury may result.
- Do not incorporate this product into the soil. Dilution of active ingredient and possible injury to plant roots may occur.
- Do not apply around ornamental plants that have been weakened or are under stress (due to drought, flooding, excessive fertilizer or soil salts, wind injury, hail, frost damage, winter injury, injury from previously applied pesticides or injury due to insects, heat stress, nematodes or diseases).

Use Restrictions:

- Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift to non-target areas. This product may injure foliage of non-target plants unless they are listed on this label.
- Do not apply this product directly to plants that are grown for food (e.g., fruit trees or maple trees tapped for syrup).
- Do not apply this product in enclosed structures and greenhouses.
- Do not apply more than 4.4 teaspoons (0.73 oz) of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L per 1,000 sq ft per application and no more than 13.2 (2.2 oz) teaspoons of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L per 1,000 sq. ft. per year using split or sequential applications.
- In **New York State**, do not use more than 1 pint of this product per acre per year (equivalent to 0.25 lb of active ingredient per acre).

Ornamental Species Not Listed on this Label: Tolerance to this product on all ornamental plant species or varieties or under all possible growing conditions is impossible to evaluate. Users who wish to use this product on ornamental species not recommended on this label should determine the suitability for use by treating a small number of ornamental plants at a recommended rate prior to treating larger areas. The treated plants should be observed for any symptoms of herbicidal injury, such as foliar damage, reduced vigor or stand reduction, during 30 to 60 days of normal growing conditions to determine if the treatment is non-injurious.

Application Directions

Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L may be applied as a directed spray in established ornamentals or as a broadcast over-the-top spray to listed established ornamentals (see ornamental plant listing). Make directed sprays to the soil at the base of the ornamentals.

- As a preemergence application, Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L controls weeds as they germinate.
- This product will not control emerged broadleaf or grass weeds except crabgrass up to the tillering stage of growth.
- Make application prior to germination of listed weeds or to bare ground.
- For best results apply to soil that is free of clods, weeds and debris such as leaves.

- Eliminate existing vegetation by cultivation, hand weeding, or use of a postemergence herbicide before application.
- All applications must be followed by ½ inch or more of irrigation or rainfall for activation of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L.
- Avoid excessive soil disruption that may break down the herbicide barrier (minimal surface disruption such as raking should not break down the herbicide barrier).
- Take care after transplanting that soil or planting mixes have settled firmly through irrigation, rainfall or packing and that there are no cracks that would allow direct contact of this product to the plant roots or plant injury may occur.
- Make sequential applications at 3 to 4 month intervals for extended preemergence weed control.
- Do not exceed maximum use rates per year.

To reduce injury:

- Apply with calibrated equipment using a minimum of 2 gallons of water per 1,000 sq. ft.
- Immediately after application apply overhead irrigation to activate the herbicide and wash the product from plant surface onto soil surface.
- In the spring over the top application of Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L may temporarily injure new growth of desirable plants. It is advisable to wait to apply Quali-Pro® DITHIOPYR 2L over the top of newly emerged vegetation until it has hardened off unless you have experience that the ornamental plant will not be injured by the over the top application.
- Do not apply to plants that are under stress such as heat, drought or frost damage.

Tolerant Ornamentals

When applied as directed under the conditions described on this label, ornamentals listed below have shown tolerance in field trials.

Name	Tolerant Cultivars	Acceptable Application Method Noted by a (X)		Application to Field/Landscape or Container Grown Ornamentals Noted by a (X)	
		Over the Top	Directed	Container Grown	Field/Landscape Grown
abelia, dwarf (<i>Abelia x grandiflora</i>)	nana		X		X
abyssinian red banana (<i>Ensete ventricosum</i>)	maureli	X	X	X	X
Ajuga carpet bugle (<i>Ajuga replans</i>) (<i>Ajuga genevensis</i>)	bronze bronze beauty		X X		X X
almond, flowering (<i>Prunus glandulosa</i>)			X		X
apple (<i>Malus pumila</i>)			X		X
arborvitae (<i>Thuja occidentalis</i>)	nigra pyramidalis smaragh techny wocidwardii		X X X X X		X X X X X

arborvitae, dwarf golden (<i>Thuja orientalis</i>)	aurea nana	X	X	X	X
ash, green (<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>)			X		X
ash, autumn purple (<i>Fraxinus americana</i>)	autumn purple		X		X
aster, Chinese (<i>Callistephus chinensis</i>)	dwarf queen		X		X
azalea (<i>Rhododendron spp.</i>)	brilliant		X		X
	buccanee		X		X
	carror		X		X
	chimes (Belgian)		X		X
	Elsie Lee		X		X
	exbury		X		X
	fashio		X		X
	hardijzer beauty		X		X
	hersheyred		X		X
	higasa		X		X
	hinocrimson		X		X
	Holland (hybrid)		X		X
	Marion Lee		X		X
	northern lights		X		X
orange cup		X		X	
orchid lights		X		X	
snow		X		X	
southern charm		X		X	
azalea, flame (<i>Rhododendron calendulaceum</i>)			X		X
azalea, kirishima (<i>Rhododendron obtusum</i>)			X		X
bamboo, heavenly (<i>Nandina domestica</i>)	compacta		X		X
	nana		X		X
barberry, Japanese (<i>Berberis thunbergii</i>)	aurea		X		X
	dwarf pygmy		X		X
	green		X		X
	kobold		X		X
	pygmy red		X		X
	rose glow		X		X
barberry, purple (<i>Berberis thunbergii</i> var <i>atropurpurea</i>)	atropurpurea		X		X

basket flower (<i>Gaillardia grandiflora</i>)			X		X
beach grass (<i>Ammophila breviligulata</i>)			X		X
bearberry (common) (<i>Arctostaphylos uva-ursi</i>)	Massachusetts		X		X
bee balm (<i>Monarda didyma</i>)			X		X
begonia (<i>Begonia spp.</i>)			X		X
birch, river (<i>Betula nigra</i>)			X		X
blackeyed Susan (<i>Rudbeckia hirta</i>)	goldstrum		X		X
blanket flower (<i>Gaillardia spp.</i>)			X		X
blue fescue (<i>Festuca ovina</i>)			X		X
Blueberry ¹ (<i>Vaccinium spp.</i>)	bluecrop blue jay Jersey north blue northland		X X X X X		X X X X X
bottlebrush (<i>Callistemon citrinus</i>)	Little John	X	X	X	X
bougainvillea (<i>Bougainvillea spectabilis</i>)	James Walker Scarlet O' Hara	X	X	X	X
boxwood (<i>Buxus microphylla</i>)	japonica		X		X
boxwood, green beauty (<i>Buxus microphylla japonica</i>)	green beauty	X	X	X	X
boxwood, welleri (<i>Buxus sempervirens</i>)	winter gem	X	X	X	X
broom (<i>Cytisus scoparius</i>) (<i>Genista pilosa</i>)	moonlight Vancouver gold		X X		X X
camellia (<i>Camellia japonica</i>) (<i>Camellia sasanqu</i>)	debutante mathotiana supreme chansonette setsukgekka	X X	X X X X	X X	X X X X
candytuft (<i>Iberis sempervirens</i>)	snowwhite		X		X
carex, variegated (<i>Carex spp.</i>)			X		X
carpet bugle (<i>Ajuga reptans</i>) (<i>Ajuga genevensis</i>)	bronze bronze beauty		X X		X X
cedar, red (<i>Juniperus virginiana</i>)			X		X
celosia (<i>Celosia spp.</i>)			X		X

centaura (<i>Centaurea montana</i>)			X		X
cockscomb, plumosa (<i>Celosia cristata</i>)	scarlet plumosa		X		X
coleus (<i>Coleus blumei</i>)	red kewple		X		X
columbine (<i>Aquilegia spp.</i>)			X		X
coneflower, purple (<i>Echinacea purpurea</i>)	magnus purple	X	X X	X	X X
copper leaf (<i>Acalypha wilkesiana</i>)			X		X
coreopsis (<i>Coreopsis spp.</i>)	moonbeam		X		X
corn flower (<i>Centaurea spp.</i>)			X		X
cotoneaster (<i>Cotoneaster apiculatus</i>)			X		X
coyotebrush (<i>Baccharis pilularis</i>)			X		X
cycad (<i>Cycas revofuta</i>)			X		X
cypress, bald (<i>Taxodium distichum</i>)			X		X
cypress, Italian (<i>Cupressus sempervirens</i>)	glauca		X		X
cypress, Japanese false (<i>Chamaecyparis obtusa</i>)	gracilis		X		X
cypress, leyland (<i>Cupressocyparfs leylandii</i>) hybrid			X		X
daffodil (<i>Narcissus spp.</i>)	King Alfred		X		X
daylilly (<i>Hemerocallis spp.</i>)	Aztec gold bright yellow (hybrid) single gold (evergreen) wilsonisyellow		X X X X		X X X X
dianthus (sweet William) (<i>Dianthus spp.</i>)			X		X
delphinium (<i>Delphinium spp.</i>)	magic fountain		X		X
dogwood (<i>Cornus florida</i>)			X		X
dogwood, American (<i>Cornus sericea</i>)	flavarlmea		X		X
Douglas fir (<i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i>)			X		X
dusty miller (<i>Senecio cineraria</i>)			X	X	X
elm (<i>Ulmus parvifolia</i>)	drake		X		X
eulaliagrass (<i>Miscanthus sinensis</i>)	malden grass	X	X	X	X

euonymus (<i>Euonymus japonicus</i>)	Argenteo-variegata		X		X
	Auereomarginata		X		X
	colorata		X		X
(<i>Euonymus fortunei</i>)	emerald gaiety		X		X
	emerald n' gold		X		X
	gold edge		X		X
	gold princess		X		X
	Manhattan	X	X	X	X
	silver king		X		X
	tricolor		X		X
	vegetus		X		X
euryops, green leaved (<i>Euryops pectinatus</i>)	vividis	X	X	X	X
fan palm, European (<i>Chamaerops humilis</i>)			X		X
fan palm, Mexican (<i>Washingtonia robusta</i>)			X		X
fem (various) (<i>Asparagus spp.</i>)			X		X
fescue (<i>Festuca glauca</i>)			X		X
fetteitush (<i>Leucothoe fontaneslana</i>)	rainbow		X		X
figus (<i>Ficus retusa</i>)	nitidia		X		X
fir fraser (<i>Abies fraseri</i>)			X		X
Forsythia (<i>Forsythia x 'Arnold Dwarf'</i>)	arnold dwarf		X		X
(<i>Forsythia viridissima</i>)	bronxensis dwarf		X		X
(<i>Forsythia xintermedia</i>)	lynwood gold		X		X
(<i>Forsythia x 'Meadowlark'</i>)	meadowlark		X		X
(<i>Forsythia x intermedia</i>)	spring glory	X	X	X	X
(<i>Forsythia suspensa</i>)	weeping		X		X
fountain grass, purple (<i>Pennisetum setaceum</i>)	rubrum	X	X	X	X
fuchsia (<i>Fuchsia spp.</i>)			X		X
gallum (<i>Galium odoratum</i>)			X		X
gardenia (<i>Gardenia jasminoides</i>)	mystery		X		X
	radican		X		X
	white gem	X	X	X	X
geranium (<i>Pelargonium x hortorum</i>)			X		X
gum (<i>Eucalyptus citriodora</i>)			X		X

hawthorn (<i>Crataegus spp.</i>)	cockspur white crimson cloud enchantress Jack Evans Washington white		X X X X X		X X X X X
hawthorn, Indian (<i>Raphiolepis Indica</i>)	ballerina	X	X	X	X
heather, twisted (<i>Erica cinerea</i>)	Mediterranean pink		X		X
hemlock, Canada (<i>Tsuga canadensis</i>)			X		X
hibiscus (<i>Hibiscus spp.</i>)	blue bird brilliant hula girl		X X X		X X X
holly (<i>Ilex x 'Nellie R. Stevens'</i>) (<i>Ilex x attenuata</i>)	Nellie R. Stevens fosteri Savannah	X	X X X	X	X X X
holly, blue (<i>Ilex x meserveae</i>)	blue boy blue girl China girl		X X X		X X X
holly, cassine (<i>Ilex cassine</i>)		X	X	X	X
holly, Chinese (<i>Ilex cornuta</i>)	burfordii needlepoint		X X		X X
holly, Japanese (<i>Ilex crenate</i>)	compacta hellene Japanese northern beauty steeds		X X X X		X X X X
holly, yaupon (<i>Ilex vomitoria</i>)			X		X
honeysuckle (<i>Lonicera xylosteum</i>) (<i>Lonicera japonica</i>) (<i>Lonicera tatarica</i>)	Claveyl dwarf halliana Canadian white Zabelli		X X X X		X X X X
hosta (<i>Hosta sieboldii</i>) (<i>Hosta lancifolia</i>)	alba marginata		X X		X X
ice plant (<i>Carpobrotus edulis</i>)		X	X	X	X
ice plant, white trailing (<i>Delosperma alba</i>)		X	X	X	X
impatiens (<i>Impatiens spp.</i>)			X		X
iris (<i>Iris spp.</i>)	dwarf blue wedgewood		X X		X X
ivy, English (<i>Hedera helix</i>)	Bulgaria thorndale		X X		X X
jasmine, Asian (<i>Trachelospermum asiaticum</i>)			X		X

jasmine, star (<i>Trachelospermum jasminoides</i>)			X		X
juniper (<i>Juniperus spp.</i>)	Arcadia		X		X
	Armstrong		X		X
	bar harbor		X		X
	blue chip		X		X
	blue Pacific		X		X
	blue rug		X		X
	blue star		X		X
	broadmoor		X		X
	buffalo		X		X
	calgary carpet		X		X
	emerald sea		X		X
	emerald spreader		X		X
	endora compacta		X		X
	fruitlandi		X		X
	green		X		X
	gold tip		X		X
	hetzi		X		X
	hughes		X		X
	Manhattan blue		X		X
	parsoni		X		X
	pfitzeriana		X		X
	plumosa		X		X
	Prince of Wales		X		X
	procumbens dwarf		X		X
	San Jose		X		X
	sargent blue		X		X
	sargent green		X		X
	scandia		X		X
	scopulorum moonglow		X		X
	spartan		X		X
	tamariscifolia		X		X
	weberi		X		X
	Youngstown		X		X
	Yukon belle		X		X
juniper (<i>Juniperus chinensis</i>)	gold coast	X	X	X	X
	torulosa- Hollywood twisted	X	X	X	X
juniper (<i>Juniperus procumbnes nana</i>)	prostrate Japanese garden	X	X	X	X
juniper (<i>Juniperus sabina 'tamariscifolia'</i>)	tamarix	X	X	X	X
juniper (<i>Juniperus scopulorum</i>)	scopulorum skyrocket	X	X	X	X
king palm (<i>Archontophoenix cunninghamiana</i>)		X	X	X	X
laurel, Carolina cherry (<i>Prunus caroliniana</i>)	bright n' tight	X	X	X	X

laurel, mountain (<i>Kalmia latifolia</i>)			X		X
leucothoe (<i>Leucothoe fontanesiana</i>)			X		X
ligustrum, Japanese (<i>Ugustrum japonicum</i>)			X		X
lily (<i>Agapanthus spp.</i>)	streamline		X		X
Lily of the Nile (<i>Agapanthus africanus</i>)	albus Peter Pan		X X		X X
lilyturf (<i>Liriope muscari</i>)	evergreen giant lilac beauty majestic monroe white silvery sunproof variegata	X X	X X X X X X	X X	X X X X X X
lilyturf, creeping (<i>Uriope spicata</i>)			X		X
maple, amur (<i>Acer ginnala</i>)	emerald elf	X	X	X	X
maple, Japanese (<i>Acer palmatum</i>)			X		X
maple, Norway (<i>Acer platanoides</i>)			X		X
maple, red ¹ (<i>Acer rubrum</i>)	red sunset	X	X	X	X
maple, silver (<i>Acer saccharinum</i>)			X		X
maplesugar ¹ (<i>Acer saccharum</i>)			X		X
marigold (<i>Tagetes patula</i>)	honeycomb variegata wheeleris dwarf		X X X		X X X
mock orange ¹ (<i>Philadelphus spp</i>)	golden snowflake double white		X X		X X
mondo grass (<i>Ophiopogon japonicus</i>)			X		X
moss rose (<i>Portulaca grandiflora</i>)	sunnyside		X		X
mountainash (<i>Sorbus aucuparia</i>)			X		X
myrtle, crape (<i>Lagerstroemia Indica</i>)	faurel langer muskogee standard pink		X X X X		X X X X
myrtle, wax (<i>Myrica californica</i>)			X		X
narcissus (<i>Narcissus spp.</i>)			X		X
oak, laurel (<i>Quercus faurifolia</i>)			X		X
oak, pin (<i>Quercus palustris</i>)			X		X

oak, red (<i>Quercus rubra</i>)			X		X
oak, southern (<i>Quercus virginiana</i>)			X		X
oak, willow (<i>Quercus phellos</i>)			X		X
oleander (<i>Nerium oleander</i>)	Hardy red petite pink sister agnes		X X X		X X X
osteospermum (<i>Osteospermum fruticosum</i>)	whirligig		X		X
pachysandra (<i>Pachysandra terminalis</i>)			X		X
palm, bangalow (<i>Archontophoenix cunninghamiana</i>)			X		X
palm, queen (<i>Syagrus romanzoffianum</i>)		X	X	X	X
pampas grass (<i>Cortaderia selloana</i>)			X		X
pansy (<i>Viola x wittrockiana</i>)			X		X
paper flower (<i>Bougainvillea glabra</i>)	Barbara Karst	X	X	X	X
peach ^t (<i>Prunus persica</i>)			X		X
periwinkle, dwarf (<i>Vinca minor</i>)			X		X
petunia (<i>Petunia x hybrida</i>)	picoti		X		X
photinia, red tip (<i>Photinia x fraseri</i>)			X		X
pieris (<i>Pieris taiwanensis</i>)			X		X
pieris, Japanese (<i>Pieris japonica</i>)	mountain fire		X		X
pine, Afghan (<i>Pinus eldarica</i>)		X	X	X	X
pine, Austrian black (<i>Pinus nigra</i>)		X	X	X	X
pine, Japanese black (<i>Pinus thunbergia</i>)			X		X
pine, loblolly (<i>Pinus taeda</i>)			X		X
pine, longleaf (<i>Pinus palustris</i>)			X		X
pine, mugo or Swiss Mt. (<i>Pinus mugo</i>)			X		X
pine, Scotch (<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>)			X		X
pine, slash (<i>pinus elliotii</i>)			X		X

pine, Virginia (<i>Pinus virginiana</i>)			X		X
pine, white (<i>Pinus strobus</i>)		X	X	X	X
pineapple, guava ¹ (<i>Feijoa sellowiana</i>)			X		X
pittosporum, tobira (<i>Pittosporum tobira</i>)	Wheeler's dwarf	X	X	X	X
plumbago, cape (<i>Plumbago auriculata</i>)	royal cape	X	X	X	X
potentilla (<i>Potentilla fruticosa</i>) (<i>Potentilla nepalensis</i>)	abbotswood		X X		X X
privet (<i>Ligustrum x vicaryii</i>) (<i>Ligustrum japonicum</i>)	golden vicary regal texanum yellow tipped	X	X X X X	X	X X X X
privet, glossy (<i>Ugustrum lucidum</i>)			X		X
Pyracantha or firethorn (<i>Pyricantha x 'Gnome'</i>) (<i>Pyricantha coccinea</i>) (<i>Pyricantha koidzumii</i>)	gnome lalandei victory	X	X X X	X	X X X
queen palm (<i>Arecastrum rammanzoffianum</i>)			X		X
quince, Japanese ^T (<i>Chaenomeles japonica</i>)			X		X
Rhododendron (<i>Rhododendron spp</i>)	album Cunningham white PJM purple gem silvery pink		X X X X X		X X X X X
rhododendron, Carolina (<i>Rhododendron carolinianum</i>)			X		X
rhododendron, catawba (<i>Rhododendron catawbiense</i>)			X		X
rhododendron, rhodie max - rosebay (<i>Rhododendron maximum</i>)			X		X
ribbon grass (<i>Phalaris arundinacea</i>)			X		X
rockcress (<i>Arabis caucasica</i>)	snowcap		X		X
rose ¹ (<i>Rosa banksiae</i>)	luta		X		X
rose, knockout shrub (<i>Rosa spp. hybrid</i>)	knockout	X	X	X	X
rosemary ¹ (<i>Rosmarinus officinalis</i>)			X		X

rosemary, bog (<i>Andromeda polifolia</i>)	nana		X		X
salvia (<i>Salvia farinacea</i>)	rhea		X		X
sedum (<i>Sedum spurium</i>)	dragon blood red		X		X
	red carpet		X		X
	yellow		X		X
smoketree, royal purple (<i>Cotinus coggygria</i>)	royal purp.le		X		X
snapdragon (<i>Antirrhinum</i> spp.)			X		X
snowball, common (<i>Viburnum opulus</i>)	sterile	X	X	X	X
sourwood (<i>Oxydendrum arboreum</i>)			X		X
spiraea (<i>Astilbe X arendsii</i>)	fanall		x		X
- piraea (<i>Spiraea</i> spp.)	Anthony Waterer red		X		X
	dolchica		X		X
	froebell pink		X		X
	goldenflame red		X		X
	snowmound white		X		X
	Van Houtte white		X		X
spiraea, garland (<i>Spiraea x arguta</i>)			X		X
spruce, Black Hills (<i>Picea glauca var densata</i>)			X		X
spruce, Colorado blue (<i>Piceapungens</i>)	glauca	X	X	X	X
spruce, Norway (<i>Picea abies</i>)			X		X
spruce, white (<i>Picea glauca</i>)	conica		X		X
sweetflag grass (<i>Acorus calimus</i>)			X		X
sweetgum (<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>)			X		X
sycamore, American (<i>Platanus occidentalis</i>)			X		X
tea tree, New Zealand (<i>Leptospermum scoparium</i>)	ruby glow	X	X	X	X
tree fern (tiki fern) (<i>Asparagus virgatus</i>)			X		X
trumpet flower or Carolina Jessamine (<i>Gelsemium sempervirens</i>)			X		X
tulip (<i>Tulip spp</i>)	apeldoorn		X		X
tufted hairgrass (<i>Deschampsia caespitosa</i>)			X		X
variegated society garlic (<i>Thulbaghia violacea</i>)	variegate	X	X	X	X

verbena, shrub (<i>Lantana sellowiana</i>)			X		X
Verbena, St. Paul's (<i>Verbena peruviana</i>)	St. Paul		X		X
viburnum (<i>Viburnum spp.</i>)	American cranberry bush		X		X
	arrowwood		X		X
	European cranberry bush		X		X
	linden		X		X
	Mohican wright		X		X
vinca (periwinkle) (<i>Vinca minor</i>)			X		X
windmill palm (<i>Trachycarpus fortunei</i>)			X		X
xylosma (<i>Xylosma conaestum</i>)			X		X
yarrow (<i>Achillea spp.</i>)			X		X
yaupon (<i>Ilex vomitoria</i>)	dwarf		X		X
yew (<i>Taxus cuspidata</i>) (<i>Taxus x media</i>)	capitata denisiformis	X	X	X	X
			X		X

† Ornamental species only. Do not use on plants grown for food.

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

Read the entire direction for use, conditions of warranties and limitations of liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following CONDITIONS, DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES, and LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risk associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Control Solutions, Inc. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: To the extent consistent with applicable law, Control Solutions, Inc. makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond the statements made on this label. No agent of Control Solutions, Inc. is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Control Solutions, Inc. disclaims any liability whatsoever for special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use or handling of this product.

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Optional Marketing Claims: [] indicates alternate or optional wording to be used in *Optional Marketing Claims* and in *body of actual label*. Information in [] may be omitted on Final Printed Label:

Controls [tough] weeds [such as crabgrass] [barnyardgrass] [annual bluegrass] [barley] [brome] [crowfootgrass] [seedling dallisgrass] [giant foxtail] [green foxtail] [yellow foxtail] [goosegrass] [kikuyugrass] [Mary's grass] [wild oats] [annual and perennial ryegrass] [sandbur] [smutgrass] [bittercress] [carpetweed] [chickweed] [Carolina geranium] [henbit] [prostrate knotweed] [common lespedeza] [maretail] [black medic] [mulberry weed] [mustard] [oxalis] [pineappleweed] [parsley-piert] [redroot pigweed] [common purslane] [London rocket] [shepherdspurse] [corn speedwell] [garden spurge] [prostrate spurge] [spotted spurge] [creeping woodsorrel] [yellow woodsorrel]

and/or
Season Long Crabgrass Control [non-staining]

and/or
Season Long Crabgrass Prevention [non-staining]

and/or
Easy to use

and/or
Apply [early Spring], [Spring], [late Spring]

and/or
Apply in the fall for annual bluegrass, chickweed, henbit and other winter weeds

and/or
Use for a [beautiful] lawn [non-staining]

and/or
Provides early post emergent crabgrass control [non-staining]

and/or
Better crabgrass control/prevention than other leading brands [non-staining]

and/or
Effective crabgrass control/prevention leads to [thicker], [healthier] lawns [non-staining]

and/or
Prevents crabgrass and other weeds like [spurge], [oxalis] from germinating [non-staining]

and/or
[Prevents] [Controls] crabgrass [non-staining]

and/or
For use on all turf types

and/or
For use on coolseason and warm season turf grass

and/or
Just one application needed

and/or
More than a crabgrass preventer, also a [spurge] [oxalis] preventer

QUALI-PRO® Dithiopyr 2 L (53883-xxx); proposed label 09-04-2012